THESE ARE THE FORMS I USE – THIS IS NOT LEGAL ADVICE AND INTENDED TO SUPPLEMENT YOUR PARTICULAR FACTUAL SITUATION ONLY – It is crucial you educate yourself on the Social Security Regulations that define and govern impairments prior to preparing this form for review. <u>Absolutely, this form should be modified to address the specific impairment as identified in the SSA Listings of Impairments of Adults.</u>

Lee Ann Torrans

Residual Functional Capacity SSA Listed Disorders

Name:	SSN:	DOB:			
Health Care Provider Name:					
Health Care Provider Relationship to Patient:					
When First Treated Patient:					
How Often Sees Patient:					
Primary Diagnosis:	Date of Onset:				
Secondary Diagnosis:	Date of Onset:				
Other Impairments:	Date of Onset:				

INSTRUCTIONS: Please complete the following assessment based on your clinical evaluation and test findings. You are not required to perform any special test of functional capacity to render your opinions on this form. To determine this individual's ability to do work-related activities on a regular and continuous basis, please give us your opinions for each activity shown below.

The following terms are defined as:

- REGULAR AND CONTINUOUS BASIS means 8 hours a day, for 5 days a week, or an equivalent work schedule.
- OCCASIONALLY means very little to one-third of the time.
- FREOIENTLY means from one-third to two-thirds of the time.
- CONTINUOUSLY or CONSTANTLY means more than two-thirds of the time.

Age and body habitus of the individual should not be considered in the assessment of limitations. It is important that you relate particular medical or clinical findings to any assessed limitations in capacity: The usefulness of your assessment depends on the extent to which you do this.

Nature, frequency and length of contact:

Diagnoses:

Identify the particular medical or clinical findings (*i.e.*, physical exam findings, x-ray findings, laboratory test results, history. and symptoms including pain etc.) which support your assessment or any limitations and why the findings support the assessment.

Identify all of your patient's symptoms, including pain, dizziness, fatigue, etc.

If your patient has pain, characterize the nature, location, frequency, precipitating factors and severity of your patient's pain.

Identify any positive objective signs:
Reduced range of motion:
Joints affected:
Joint warmthJoint deformityJoint instabilityReduced grip strength
Sensory changes Trigger points Reflex changes Redness
Impaired sleep SwellingWeight change Muscle spasm
Impaired appetite Muscle weaknessAbnormal postureMuscle atrophy
TendernessAbnormal gaitCrepitusPositive straight leg raising test
Other clinical findings:
Do emotional factors contribute to the severity of your patient's symptoms and functional limitations?YesNo
Identify any psychological conditions affecting pain:
DepressionAnxietySomatoform disorderPersonality disorder
Psychological factors affecting physical condition
Other:
How often is your patient's experience of pain severe enough to interfere with attention and concentration?
☐ Never ☐ Occasionally ☐ Frequently ☐ Constantly ☐ No ☐ Not Able to Assess

To what degree is your patient limited in the ability to deal with work stress?
☐ Never ☐ Occasionally ☐ Frequently ☐ Constantly ☐ No ☐ Not Able to Assess
MEDICATIONS
List Prescribed Medications and identify condition for which medications are prescribed.
Identify the side effects of any medication which may have implications for working, e.g.,
dizziness, drowsiness, stomach upset, etc.
Is there a reasonable medical probability your patient will experience side effects from the medication(s) listed above?
☐ Yes ☐ No
Other:
To what degree will the side effects of the prescribed medications impair your patient's ability for concentration, persistence and pace in combination with the underlying condition(s)?
☐ Mild ☐ Slight ☐ Moderate ☐ Severe ☐ Other ☐ Not Able to Assess
When side effects exist can you estimate the severity?
☐ Mild ☐ Slight ☐ Moderate ☐ Severe ☐ Other ☐ Not Able to Assess
Is your patient allowed to operate machinery or motorized vehicles when experiencing side effects from the medication?
☐ Yes ☐ No
Is there a reasonable medical probability that the side effects will reduce your patient's ability to perform work to a minimum standard of productivity? If yes, to what degree:
☐ Mild ☐ Slight ☐ Moderate ☐ Severe ☐ Other ☐ Not Able to Assess
Is there a reasonable medical probability that the side effects will reduce your patient's ability to perform detailed work requiring hand/eye coordination? If yes, to what degree:
☐ Mild ☐ Slight ☐ Moderate ☐ Severe ☐ Other ☐ Not Able to Assess

Is there a reasonable medical probability that the side effects will reduce your patient's cognitive acuity and/or ability to focus on activities such as reading, writing, computer use? If yes, to what degree:
☐ Mild ☐ Slight ☐ Moderate ☐ Severe ☐ Other ☐ Not Able to Assess
11. Please mark the activities the patient CAN perform on a regular and continuing basis. 'A regular and continuing basis" means 8 hours a day for 5 days a week, or an equivalent work schedule.
SITTING in a working position at a desk or table without reclining.
A) MAXIMUM CONTINUOUSLY sitting before alternating postures standing or walking about. (Circle one please)
Less than 15 min 15 min 1 hr 2 hrs 3 hrs less than 3 hrs
B) After sitting for the maximum continuous period, does this patient need to ALTERNATE POSTURES by standing or walking about? (Check one please)
YES, by walking about.
YES, but standing in place is sufficient
NO, alternating postures is not medically indicated.
C) If so, HOW LONG does the patient need to stand or walk about before returning to a seated position for another maximum continuous interval? (Circle one please)
Less than 15 min 1 hr 2 hrs 3 hrs less than 3 hrs
D) Is it medically necessary for this patient to elevate the legs while SITTING to minimize pain? (check one please).
Yes, BOTH legs
Yes, RIGHT leg only
Yes, LEFT leg only
No, it is not necessary to elevate either leg while sitting.
E) If elevation of the patient's legs is medically necessary, what DEGREE of elevation is appropriate?
Elevation to chest level or higher

Elevation to waist level
Elevation to only six inches or less
F) TOTAL CUMULATIVE sitting during an 8 hour work day, NOT INCLUDING time spent standing or walking about. (Circle one please)
<1 hr 1 hr 2 hrs 3 hrs 4 hrs 5 hrs 6 hrs >6 hrs
12. STANDING AND WALKING ABOUT: weight bearing ambulating.
A) maximum continuously STANDING OR WALKING ABOUT before alternating postures sitting or lying down. (Circle one please)
Less than 15 min 15 min 1 hr 2 hrs 3 hrs less than 3 hrs
B) After standing or walking about for the maximum continuous period, does this patient need to ALTERNATE POSTURES by sitting lying down or reclining in a supine positions?
YES, by lying down or reclining in a supine position.
YES, but sitting in a working position at a desk or table is sufficient.
NO, alternating postures is not medically indicated.
C) If so, HOW LONG does the patient need to sit or lie down/recline before returning to standing or walking about for another maximum continuous interval? (Circle one please)
Less than 15 min 15 min 1 hr 2 hrs 3 hrs less than 3 hrs
D) TOTAL CUMULATIVE standing or walking about during an 8-hour work day NOT INCLUDING time spent sitting or lying down/reclining. (Circle one please)
Less than 1 hr 1 hr 2 hrs 3 hrs 4 hrs 5 hrs 6 hrs Less than 6 hrs
13. RESTING lying down or reclining in a supine position in bed or in an easy chair.
A) Does this patient need to REST for some period of time during an eight hour work day? (Circle one please)
YES, in addition to a morning break, a lunch period, and an afternoon break scheduled at approximately two hour intervals, more rest is needed.

YES, but a morning break, a lunch period, and an afternoon break scheduled at approximately two hour intervals is sufficient.					
NO, rest lying down or in a supine position in bed or in an easy chair is not medically indicated.					
B) If so, WHY does the patient need REST for some period of time during an 8 hour work day? (Check one please)					
To relieve pain arising from a documented medical impairment					
To relieve fatigue arising from a documented medical impairment					
Non-Applicable. rest as defined is not medically indicated.					
C) If so, what is the TOTAL CUMULATIVE resting/lying down or reclining in a supine position needed during an eight hour work day?					
Less than 1 hr 1 hr 2 hrs 3 hrs 4 hrs 5 hrs 6 hrs Less than 6 hrs					
14. LIFTING AND CARRYING (Check one at each weight level)					
Weight in Pounds: 1-5 lbs.					
☐ Never ☐ Occasionally ☐ Frequently ☐ Constantly ☐ No ☐ Not Able to Assess					
Weight in Pounds: 6-10 lbs.					
☐ Never ☐ Occasionally ☐ Frequently ☐ Constantly ☐ No ☐ Not Able to Assess					
Weight in Pounds: 11-20 lbs.					
☐ Never ☐ Occasionally ☐ Frequently ☐ Constantly ☐ No ☐ Not Able to Assess					
Weight in Pounds: 21-50 lbs.					
☐ Never ☐ Occasionally ☐ Frequently ☐ Constantly ☐ No ☐ Not Able to Assess					
15. BALANCING when standing/walking on level terrain (check one)					
☐ Never ☐ Occasionally ☐ Frequently ☐ Constantly ☐ No ☐ Not Able to Assess					

16. STOOPING bending the body downward and forward by bending the spine at the waist (check one)						
☐ Never ☐ Occasionally ☐ Frequently ☐ Constantly ☐ No ☐ Not Able to Assess						
17. POSTURES of Neck:						
A) Forward Flexion (i.e. Looking down at a table or desk)						
☐ Never ☐ Occasionally ☐ Frequently ☐ Constantly ☐ No ☐ Not Able to Assess						
B) Backward Flexion (i.e. Looking upward to ceiling/sky)						
☐ Never ☐ Occasionally ☐ Frequently ☐ Constantly ☐ No ☐ Not Able to Assess						
C) Rotation Right (i.e. Looking sideways to right)						
☐ Never ☐ Occasionally ☐ Frequently ☐ Constantly ☐ No ☐ Not Able to Assess						
D) Rotation Left (i.e. Looking sideways to left)						
☐ Never ☐ Occasionally ☐ Frequently ☐ Constantly ☐ No ☐ Not Able to Assess						
REPETITIVE USE OF HANDS						
Which is the individual's physical dominant hand (circle one): Right or Left						
A) Reaching (i.e. extending the hands and arms in any direction)						
☐ Never ☐ Occasionally ☐ Frequently ☐ Constantly ☐ No ☐ Not Able to Assess						
RIGHT HAND						
☐ Never ☐ Occasionally ☐ Frequently ☐ Constantly ☐ No ☐ Not Able to Assess						
LEFT HAND						
☐ Never ☐ Occasionally ☐ Frequently ☐ Constantly ☐ No ☐ Not Able to Assess						

B) Handling (i.e. seizing, grasping, turning or otherwise working primarily with the whole hand)						
RIGHT HAND						
☐ Never ☐ Occasionally ☐ Frequently ☐ Constantly ☐ No ☐ Not Able to Assess						
LEFT HAND						
☐ Never ☐ Occasionally	Frequ	uently Con	stantly No	Not Able to Assess		
C) Fingering (i.e. picking,)	pinching	or otherwise wo	orking primarily wit	h the fingers)		
RIGHT HAND						
☐ Never ☐ Occasionally	☐ Frequ	uently \(\subseteq \) Con	stantly No	Not Able to Assess		
LEFT HAND				10012010 10 120000		
				N		
□ Never □ Occasionally □ Frequently □ Constantly □ No □ Not Able to Assess						
Please check the frequency with which the patient can perform the following activities:						
Please check the frequency	with whic	h the patient can	perform the following	g activities:		
Please check the frequency Percentage of Time	with whic	h the patient can	perform the following Frequently- 30-70%	g activities: Consistently – 70-100%		
Percentage of Time Reach Up Above Shoulders Reach Down to Waist						
Percentage of Time Reach Up Above Shoulders Reach Down to Waist Level Reach Down Towards						
Percentage of Time Reach Up Above Shoulders Reach Down to Waist Level Reach Down Towards Floor		Rarely - 0-30%	Frequently- 30-70%	Consistently – 70-100%		
Percentage of Time Reach Up Above Shoulders Reach Down to Waist Level Reach Down Towards		Rarely - 0-30%	Frequently- 30-70%			
Percentage of Time Reach Up Above Shoulders Reach Down to Waist Level Reach Down Towards Floor Carefully Handle Objects Handle with Fingers Assistive Devices Require	Never	Rarely – 0-30%	Frequently- 30-70%	Consistently – 70-100%		
Percentage of Time Reach Up Above Shoulders Reach Down to Waist Level Reach Down Towards Floor Carefully Handle Objects Handle with Fingers Assistive Devices Require A) Is a hand held as standing?	Never	Rarely – 0-30%	required to aid the	Consistently – 70-100%		
Percentage of Time Reach Up Above Shoulders Reach Down to Waist Level Reach Down Towards Floor Carefully Handle Objects Handle with Fingers Assistive Devices Require A) Is a hand held as standing? YES, to	Never ed for An essistive de	Rarely – 0-30% mbulating evice medically	required to aid the pand standing	Consistently – 70-100%		

B) If so, what TYPE of hand-held assistive device is medically required?
Cane
Walker
2 Crutches
1 Crutch
C) If so, in what CIRCUMSTANCES is the hand-held assistive device medically required?
On ALL surfaces and terrains for all ambulation
ONLY on uneven surfaces and terrains or slopes
ONLY for prolonged ambulation?
Are your patient's impairments likely to produce "good days" and "bad days"?
If yes, please estimate, on the average, how often your patient is likely to be absent from work as a result of the impairments or treatment: (Circle One)
Never About twice a month Less than once a month _
About 3 times a month About once a month More than 3 times a month
If the patient has any complaints of pain, please address the following questions:
What is the nature of the pain?
Is there an objective reason for the pain supported by medical evidence?
How frequent is the pain?
What is the level of pain on a scale of one to ten?

How would you rate the patients' creditability with regards to claims of pain?

Hearing or Vision Impairments				
1. If a hearing impairment is present,				
	1 111 1	,	. 10.	,

A. Does the individual retain the ability to hear and understand Simple oral instructions and to communicate simple information? Yes No
B. Can the individual use a telephone to communicate? Yes No
2. If a visual impairment is present:
A. Is the individual able to avoid ordinary hazards in the workplace, such as boxes on the floor, doors ajar, or approaching people or vehicles? Yes No
B. Is the individual able to read very small print? Yes No
C. Is the individual able to read ordinary newspaper or book print? Yes No
D. Is the individual able to view a computer screen? Yes No
E. Is the individual able to determine differences in shape and color of small objects such as screws, nuts or bolts? Yes No
Identify the particular medical or clinical findings (<i>i.e.</i> , physical exam findings, x-ray findings laboratory test results, history, and symptoms including pain etc.) which support your assessment or any limitations and why the findings support the assessment.
Individual Activities
Can the individual perform activities like shopping? Yes No
Can the individual travel without a companion for assistance? Yes No
Can the individual ambulate without using a wheelchair, walker, or 2 canes or 2 crutches Yes No
Can the individual walk a block at a reasonable pace on rough or uneven surfaces? Yes No
Can the individual use standard public transportation? Yes No
Can the individual climb a few steps at a reasonable pace with the use of a single hand rail? Yes No
Can the individual prepare a simple meal and feed himself/herself? Yes No
Can the individual care for personal hygiene? Yes No

Can the ind	ividual sort	, handle, use paper a	and/or files? Yes	No
	less a narrat	ive report is attache		hy the findings support
Condition	Never	Occasionally (up to 1/3)	Frequently (1/3 to 213)	Continuously (over 2/3)
Unprotected Heights				
Moving Mechanical Parts				
Operating a motor vehicle				
Humidity and wetness				
Dust. odors, fumes and pulmonary irritants				
Extreme cold				
Extreme heat				
Vibrations				
Other: (Identify)				
Condition	Quiet (Library)	Moderate (Office)	Loud (Heavy Traffic)	Very Loud (Jackhammer)
Noise				
Individual's Abili	ty to Trave	·l		
Would the patients	disability o	r impairment preven	nt him or her from tra	welling alone?
Yes No	Why?			

Individual's Time Period of Restriction(s)

Source Statement at least since?
Yes No
If not, state the first date the patient's condition existed and persisted with such restrictions:
?
How would you expect the claimant's diagnosis/disability to change over time?
Disability is Not Likely to Change Disability is Temporary: From: To:
When would you expect the claimant to return to work, with and/or without any restrictions?
Please
Are there any other factors not addressed in the above questions that you believe may affect the patients' ability to work, or function normally in daily life including at work and at home?
STATE ANY OTHER WORK-RELATED ACTIVITIES, WHICH ARE AFFECTED BY ANY IMPAIRMENTS, AND INDICATE HOW THE ACTNITIES ARE AFFECTED. WHAT ARE THE MEDICAL FINDINGS -THAT SUPPORTS THIS ASSESSMENT?
THE LIMITATIONS ABOVE ARE ASSUMED TO BE YOUR OPINION REGARDING CURRENT LIMITATIONS ONLY. HOWEVER, IF YOU HAVE SUFFICIENT INFORMATION TO FORM AN OPINION WITHIN A REASONABLE DEGREE OF MEDICAL PROBABILITY AS TO PAST LIMITATIONS, ON WHAT DATE WERE THE LIMITATIONS YOU FOUND ABOVE FIRST PRESENT?
HAVE THE LIMITATIONS YOU FOUND ABOVE LASTED OR WILL THEY LAST FOR 12 CONSECUTIVE MONTHS? Yes No
CERTIFICATION
By my signature appended hereto, I attest that I personally have answered each of the questions presented in this Medical Source Statement assessment form and I believe the information contained herein to be true and accurate to the best of my knowledge and professional judgment.

Dated:

Physician's Signature	
Physician's Name Printed	-
Physician's Address	_